

# The Great Proton Search Continues

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**Ad hoc proton “team” formed by NASA OSMA/NEPP along with Air Force Space and Missiles Center (AFSMC), NRO, and Department of Energy (DOE) with support from industry and university partners**



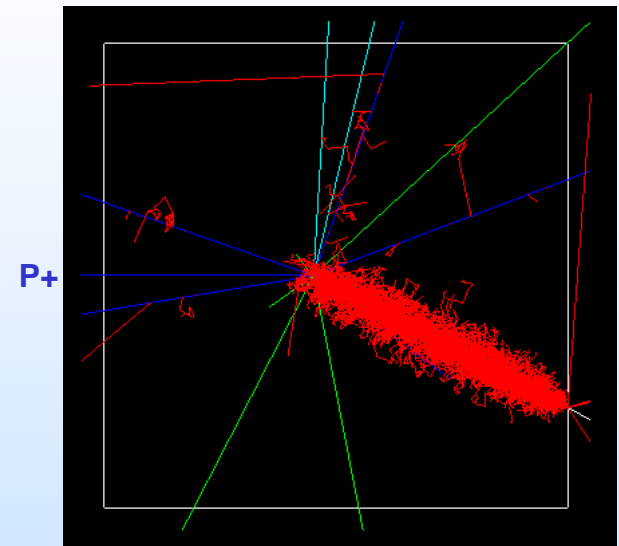
# Acronyms

- Three Dimensional (3D)
- Air Force Space and Missiles Center (AFSMC)
- also know as (AkA)
- Automated Test Equipment (ATE)
- Californium (Cf)
- Crocker Nuclear Laboratory (CNL)
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- TBD - current year 2017 ??? (CY17)
- Displacement damage dose (DDD)
- Department of Energy (DOE)
- Device Under Test (DUT)
- Galactic Cosmic Rays (GCRs)
- Glenn Research Center (GRC)
- Hampton University Proton Therapy Institute (HUPTI)
- International Business Machines Corporation (IBM)
- Integrated Circuits (ICs)
- Indiana University Cyclotron Facility (IUCF)
- Johnson Space Center (JSC)
- Los Alamos Neutron Science Center (LANSCE)
- Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratories (LBL)
- linear energy transfer (LET)
- Cyclotron, linear accelerator (LINAC)
- Loma Linda University Medical Center (LLUMC)
- Massachusetts General Hospital (MGH) Francis H. Burr Proton Therapy Center
- Military Standard (MIL-STD)
- Math and Physics Sciences (MPS)
- n-type charge coupled device (n-CCD)
- NASA Electronic Parts and Packaging (NEPP) Program
- National Reconnaissance Office (NRO)
- Office of Safety and Mission Assurance (OSMA)
- research and development (R&D)
- South Atlantic Anomaly (SAA)
- SCRIPPS Proton Therapy Center (SCRIPPS)
- second (sec)
- Single Event Effects (SEE)
- Soft Error Rate (SER)
- size, weight, and power (SWaP)
- Texas A&M University (TAMU)
- to be determined (TBD)
- Total ionizing dose (TID)
- Tri-University Meson Facility (TRIUMF)
- University of Maryland Proton Therapy Center, Baltimore (U MD)
- University of California at Davis (UCD)
- University of Florida Proton Health Therapy Institute (UFHPTI)
- Van de Graaff (VDG)
- Van de Graaffs (VdGs)



# Outline

- Abstract and Problem Statement
- Proton Effects on Electronics
- Potential Users
- Electronics Testing with Protons
- Domestic Proton SEE Facilities
  - High Energy (>200 MeV)
  - Medium Energy (50-125 MeV)
- Summary/Comments



Sample 100 MeV proton reaction in a 5 um Si block. Reactions have a range of types of secondaries and LETs. Complicating statistics and testing. (after Weller, Trans. Nucl. Sci., 2004)



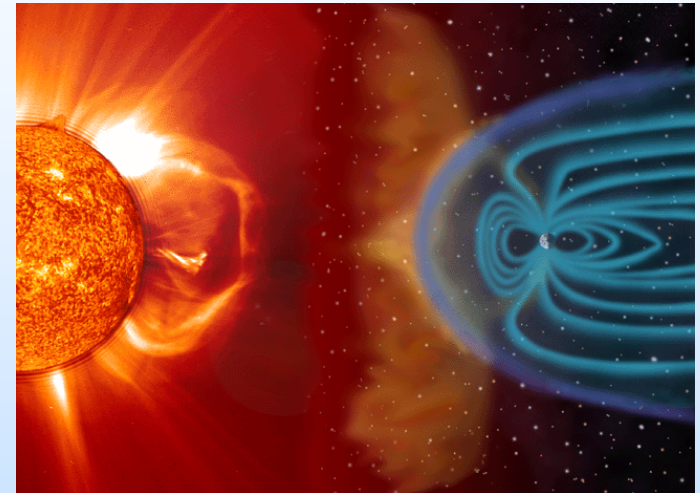
# Abstract and Problem Statement

- **Abstract**
  - This presentation is an outbrief of the current team status for access to domestic high (>200 MeV) energy proton facilities. In addition, future considerations will be discussed.
- **Problem Statement (Space Electronics)**
  - Particle accelerators are used to evaluate risk and qualify electronics for usage in the space radiation environment
    - Protons simulate solar events and trapped proton in planetary magnetic fields
    - Domestic sources for these particles are becoming more limited due to facility closures or reduction of accessible hours.
      - Indiana University Cyclotron Facility (IUCF) – CLOSED 2014 - ~2000 hours of space electronic user needs annually
      - SCRIPPS Proton Therapy Center – announces bankruptcy on March 2, 2017



# Proton Radiation Effects and the Space Environment

- Three portions of the natural space environment contribute to the radiation hazard
  - **Free-space particles**
    - Galactic Cosmic Rays (GCRs)
      - For earth-orbiting craft, the earth's magnetic field provides some protection for GCR
  - **Solar particles**
    - Protons and heavier ions
  - **Trapped particles (in the belts)**
    - Protons and electrons including the South Atlantic Anomaly (SAA)
- Hazard experience is a function of orbit and timeframe



The sun acts as a modulator and source in the space environment,  
*after Nikkei Sciences*  
*J. Barth, NSREC Short Course, 1998.*



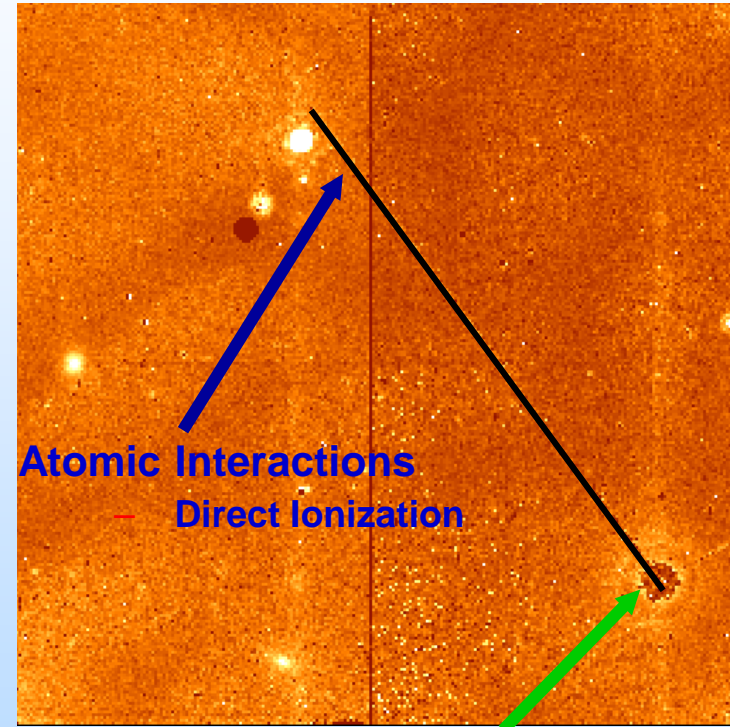
# Radiation Effects and Electronics

- Ground testing is performed to qualify electronics for space usage
  - Long-term cumulative degradation causing parametric and/or functional failures
    - Total ionizing dose (TID)
    - Displacement damage dose (DDD)
  - Transient or single particle effects (Single event effects or SEE)
    - Soft or hard errors caused by proton (through nuclear interactions) or heavy ion (direct deposition) passing through the semiconductor material and depositing energy
    - Heavy ion tests on the ground are used to bound risk for space exposure to GCRs and some solar particles
  - Proton tests on the ground aid risk analysis for any orbits exposed to trapped protons (Space Station, for example) or solar protons.
    - Useful for SEE and DDD evaluation

## Particle interactions with semiconductors

Image from the Space Telescope Science Institute (STScI), operated for NASA by the Association of Universities for Research in Astronomy

<http://www.stsci.edu/hst/nicmos/performance/anomalies/bigcr.html>



### Interaction with Nucleus

- Indirect Ionization
- Nucleus is Displaced
- Secondaries spalled





# Typical Ground Sources for Space Radiation Effects Testing

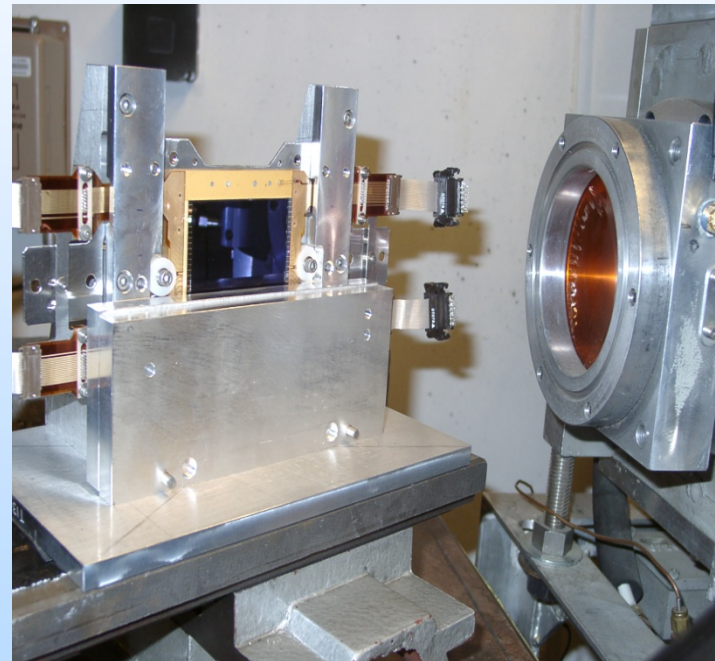
- Issue: TID
  - Co-60 (gamma), X-rays, Proton

- Issue: DDD
  - Proton, neutron, electron (solar cells)
  - Cyclotron, linear accelerator (LINAC), Van de Graaff (VDG) accelerator

- SEE (GCR)
  - Heavy ions
  - Cyclotrons, synchrotrons, VDGs
    - Lesser utility: Cf sources

- SEE (Protons)
  - Protons ( $E > 30$  MeV) – primarily nuclear interactions
    - $E > 200$  MeV is “space sweetspot”
  - Protons ( $\sim 1$  MeV) – direct ionization effects in very sensitive electronics
  - Cyclotrons, synchrotrons

← *TID is typically performed at a local source with nearby automated test equipment (ATE). All others require travel and shipping with commensurate limitations/costs.*



Hubble Space Telescope Wide Field Camera 3  
E2V 2k x 4k n-CCD  
in front of Proton Beam at UC Davis  
Crocker Nuclear Lab (CNL).  
Photo by Paul Marshall, consultant to NASA



# Space Electronics Users

NASA, other Government, Industry, University – International base

- **Space Electronic Systems – Projects, Manufacturers**
  - Perform **qualification** tests on integrated circuits (ICs)
  - Perform **system validation/risk** tests on assembled hardware (boards/boxes)
- **Semiconductor Research**
  - Perform exploratory **technology sensitivity** tests on new devices/technology in advance of flight project usage or to **evaluate radiation hardening techniques**
  - Perform testing to **develop and define qualification (test) methods**
- **Semiconductor Industry – Product Development/Validation**
  - Performs tests on their new products for **MIL-STD qualification** as well as **preliminary sensitivity** tests on devices under development
  - Commercial terrestrial products use protons for soft error rate (SER) testing in lieu of neutrons
  - Avionics, automotive, etc... test for safety critical validation





# Who Else is Interested in Proton Research Facilities

- **Other Space Users**
  - Human Radiation Protection (biological sciences)
  - Material/shielding Studies (physical sciences)
  - Solar cells (damage studies)
- **Terrestrial Soft Error Rate (SER) Simulation**
  - *Protons may be used as an accelerated test for terrestrial neutron effects*
  - Important for
    - Automotive (Safety Critical Electronics)
    - High Reliability Computing, etc...
    - Medical Electronics
      - Example: Reliability of implantable electronics
- **Atmospheric Neutrons**
  - Aircraft and avionics systems



# Space and Other Researchers - Comments

- **When IUCF closed in 2014, ~2000 research hours (mostly used by space electronics and semiconductor manufacturers)**
  - **This need has not diminished, but has INCREASED**
    - **Semiconductor industry – Increased reliability concerns from space to ground**
      - Advanced technologies (ex., <14nm feature size devices)
      - New architectures (3D structures)
      - New materials (roles of secondaries and fission products)
      - Replacement testing for terrestrial neutron effects (can do in hours what may take weeks in a neutron source)
    - **Space Users**
      - Increased use of commercial electronics for higher performing and smaller size, weight, and power (SWaP) systems. Examples:
        - » Advent of CubeSats – interest in risk reduction tests
        - » Commercial Space – companies like SpaceX and OneWeb use protons for electronic assurance
    - **Automotive**
      - Exploding industry for automotive electronics (driver assist, self-driving, etc...) – Safety Critical aspects



# Basic Space Electronic Requirements for High Energy Proton Facility

- **Energy range:**
  - 125 MeV to > 200 MeV
- **Proton flux rates:**
  - $1e7$  p/cm<sup>2</sup>/sec to  $1e9$  p/cm<sup>2</sup>/sec
- **Test fluences:**
  - $1e9$  p/cm<sup>2</sup> to  $1e11$  p/cm<sup>2</sup>
- **Irradiation area:**
  - Small (single chip ~ 1cm) to board/assembly > 15cm x 15cm
- **Beam uniformity:**
  - >80%
- **Beam structure:**
  - Cyclotron **preferred** (random particle delivery over time)
    - Pulsed beam acceptable for some applications
  - Fixed spot or scatter (random particle delivery over area)
    - Scanning beams MAY be acceptable but need to consider device or system under test operations versus timing of beam spots



# **Sample Considerations for Electronics Proton Testing at Cyclotrons**

- **Particle**

- Dosimetry/particle detectors
- Uniformity
- Energy mapping to the space environment
- Particle localization
- Stray particles (neutrons, for example)
  - Beware of “scatter” design
- Particle range
- Flux rates and stability
- Beam structure
  - Beam spills

- **Practical**

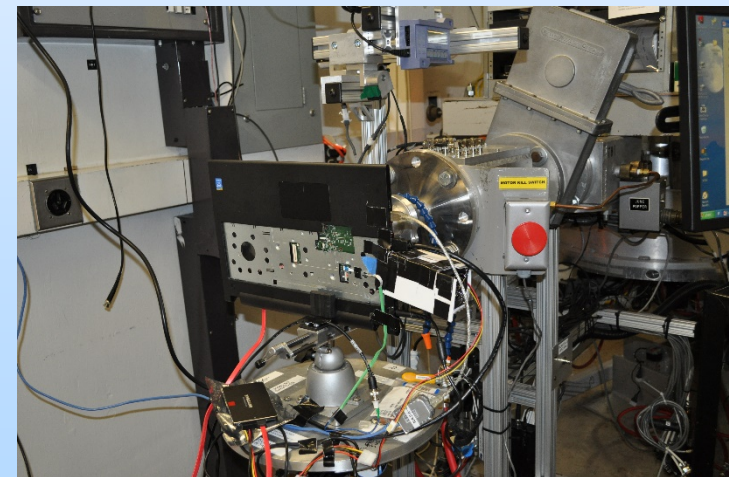
- Cabling
- Thermal
- Speed/performance
- Test conditions
- Power
- Mechanical
- Staging area
- Shipping/receiving
- Activated material storage
- Operator model (who runs the beam)



# Diatribes: Increasingly Complex Electronics

- Two drivers for SEE response during testing:
  - Geometric: number of transistors (ion targets) in DUT
  - Temporal: when the target is hit versus operations in a device
    - Aka, state-space coverage
- Challenge:
  - Beam time optimization versus “risk management”

**Billion transistor device + Billion operating states =  
Impossibility of Full Coverage during a Test Campaign  
(or in our lifetime!)**



*Testing of Intel Broadwell Processor at TAMU,  
Ken LaBel*



# Proton Facilities for Electronics Testing – 200 MeV regime

- **Active Proton Research Facilities**

- **Massachusetts General Hospital (MGH) Francis H. Burr Proton Therapy Center**
  - Provides 24 hours for 3 out 4 weekends a month
  - Highly used by industry and all Agencies
    - Overbooked already for CY17!
- **Tri-University Meson Facility (TRIUMF) – Vancouver, CAN**
  - Runs 4 cycles a year with two beam lines (105 and 500 MeV)
  - Very busy with semiconductor and terrestrial electronics
- **Loma Linda University Medical Center (LLUMC)**
  - Weekend usage with limited available time beyond current load
  - Have recently installed improvements
- **SCRIPPS Proton Therapy Center**
  - Announced bankruptcy on March 2, 2017
  - Has 4 industry user contracts with limited additional users (i.e., “large” users only – 100 hrs/yr)





# Proton Facilities for Electronics Testing – 200 MeV regime

- **Proton Cancer Therapy Facilities – Nearly Research Ready or Limited Access**
  - **Cincinnati Children's Proton Therapy Center**
    - Nice separate research room with model similar to IU (interleaving weekdays with patients – no weekends)- Same cyclotron as SCRIPPS
    - Expect late summer opening for customers; shakeout test June timeframe
  - **Northwestern Chicago Proton Center (former Cadence)**
    - IBA Cyclotron taking limited customers
  - **Mayo Clinic**
    - Two proton facilities (Rochester, MN and Phoenix, AZ) – synchrotron, but unique duty cycle
      - Shakeout test expected in June 2017
      - Research room built and have experience with government contracts
  - **Hampton University Proton Therapy Institute (HUPTI)**
    - Planning to open research room in 2017
    - Weekdays with beam interleaving w patients
    - “Silent” in last few months- will they or won't they?
  - **MD Anderson**
    - NASA/JSC evaluating with The Aerospace Corp
  - **U Penn Roberts Proton Therapy**
    - Research room under commissioning



# Proton Facilities for Electronics Testing – 200 MeV regime

- **Proton Cancer Therapy Facilities – Finishing Commissioning**
  - **U MD Proton Therapy Center (Baltimore)**
    - Planning on taking customers in summer'17 w/ NASA shakeout test prior
    - Planning similar operating mode to SCRIPPS (weekends, large users)
  - **University of Florida Proton Health Therapy Institute (UFHPTI)**
    - Completing medical commissioning
    - TBD yearly hours available to community but expect ~2-300 hours/year
    - Expect shakeout test in 4Q FY17
- **Proton Research Facilities – Unknown Status**
  - **Case Western University Hospital Seidman Cancer Center**
    - NASA GRC working an agreement with expected visit – on hold?
      - Waiting on lawyers
    - Small facility with expected limited hours (but great location for GRC!)
  - **ProVision (Knoxville)**
    - TBD – 2 rooms opening with TBD excess capacity in TBD timeframe in 2017
      - limited responsiveness
- **Proton Research Facilities – Proposals for Dedicated Research**
  - **Los Alamos Neutron Science Center (LANSCE)**
    - Has 800 MeV proton source with white paper to modify for SEE test purposes
    - Visited in 1QFY17 – requested support and aid in obtaining funding
    - Question remains on beam structure



# Medium Energy Proton Cyclotrons

- **Commonly used medium energy proton facilities (some SEE, some DDD):**
  - University of California at Davis (UCD) Crocker Nuclear Laboratory (CNL) – (63 MeV)\*,
  - Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratories (LBNL)\* – (55 MeV), and,
  - Texas A&M University (TAMU) – ~50 MeV.
- **LBL's future is uncertain for continued access.**
  - Trade space between government sustaining funds and return on science and aerospace needs.
- **CNL continues to support electronics test user community**
  - Reorganized under Math and Physics Sciences (MPS) Department
  - Currently have 43 contracts in place with our community
    - Facility has been a staple for testing of optics/sensors/etc...
  - **New:**
    - Pursuing a large multi-disciplinary DOE radioisotope development program which will support more lab staff, operations, and R&D.
      - “The additional work will only add stability to the lab for the SEE community.” - Spencer Hartman, Head Space and Radiation Effects Facility & Cyclotron Laboratory, CNL
    - Also adding a neutron spallation beam line
      - A high flux beam line ( $1\text{E}15 \text{ p/cm}^2\text{-s}$ ) for Large Hadron Collider research and development.

*\* also in use for low energy proton testing*



# Summary

- **Volatility is the name of the game for proton research access**
  - The uncertainty of cancer therapy facilities for utilization and business models (insurance, physician acceptance, locality) make assured access questionable.
  - However, near term access appears to be improving... but give it a week and it may change
    - Hope to add several facilities to the “truly available access” list
- **Need is clearly growing and could be marketed more effectively**
  - Participation in electronics radiation effects conferences, for example
- **Unclear if there's a business case for dedicated research facility unless government subsidized**
  - LANSCE?
  - Purchase of “failed” therapy center?
  - Other?